	CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE DATABASE ACT AMENDMENTS
	2018 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Justin L. Fawson
	Senate Sponsor: Curtis S. Bramble
LO	ONG TITLE
Ge	neral Description:
	This bill amends portions of the Controlled Substance Database Act.
Hig	ghlighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 changes the requirements for checking the controlled substances database; and
	 modifies enforcement provisions.
Mo	oney Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Otl	her Special Clauses:
	None
Uta	nh Code Sections Affected:
AN	MENDS:
	58-37f-304, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2017, Chapters 181 and 237
	58-37f-701, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2016, Chapter 275
Ве	it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
	Section 1. Section 58-37f-304 is amended to read:
	58-37f-304. Database utilization.
	(1) As used in this section:
	(a) "Dispenser" means a licensed pharmacist, as described in Section 58-17b-303, or



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28 the pharmacist's licensed intern, as described in Section 58-17b-304, who is also licensed to 29 dispense a controlled substance under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act. (b) "Outpatient" means a setting in which an individual visits a licensed healthcare 30 facility or a healthcare provider's office for a diagnosis or treatment but is not admitted to a 31 32 licensed healthcare facility for an overnight stay. 33 (c) "Prescriber" means an individual authorized to prescribe a controlled substance 34 under Title 58, Chapter 37, Utah Controlled Substances Act. 35 (d) "Schedule II opioid" means those substances listed in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(b)(i) 36 or (2)(b)(ii). (e) "Schedule III opioid" means those substances listed in Subsection 58-37-4(2)(c) 37 38 that are opioids. 39 [(2) (a) A prescriber shall substantially comply with this Subsection (2).] 40 [(b) Except as provided in Subsection (2)(b), a] 41 (2) (a) A prescriber shall check the database for information about a patient before the 42 first time the prescriber gives a prescription to a patient for a Schedule II opioid or a Schedule 43 III opioid, unless the patient is being treated in a licensed general acute hospital. 44 [(c) A prescriber is not required to check the database under Subsection (2)(b) if:] 45 (i) the prescription for a Schedule II opioid or a Schedule III opioid is for three days or 46 fewer on the daily dosage instructions on the prescription; 47 (ii) the prescriber has prior knowledge of the patient's prescription history based on 48 the prescriber's review of the patient's health record; or 49 [(iii) the prescription for a Schedule II opioid or a Schedule III opioid is a post surgical 50 prescription and the total duration of opioid written after the surgery has been for 30 days or 51 fewer. [(d)] (b) If a prescriber is repeatedly prescribing a Schedule II opioid or Schedule III 52 53 opioid to a patient, the prescriber shall periodically review information about the patient in: 54 (i) the database; or 55 (ii) other similar records of controlled substances the patient has filled. 56 [(e)] (c) A prescriber may assign the access and review required under [Subsections (2)(b) and (2)(c) Subsection (2)(a) to one or more employees in accordance with Subsections 57 58 58-37f-301(2)(i) and (j).

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[(f) The division shall not take action against the license of a prescriber for failure to follow this Subsection (2) if the prescriber demonstrates substantial compliance with the requirements of this Subsection (2).]

- (3) The division shall, in collaboration with the licensing boards for prescribers and dispensers:
- (a) develop a system that gathers and reports to prescribers and dispensers the progress and results of the prescriber's and dispenser's individual access and review of the database, as provided in this section; and
- (b) reduce or waive the division's continuing education requirements regarding opioid prescriptions, described in Section 58-37-6.5, including the online tutorial and test relating to the database, for prescribers and dispensers whose individual utilization of the database, as determined by the division, demonstrates substantial compliance with this section.
- (4) If the dispenser's access and review of the database suggest that the individual seeking an opioid may be obtaining opioids in quantities or frequencies inconsistent with generally recognized standards as provided in this section and Section 58-37f-201, the dispenser shall reasonably attempt to contact the prescriber to obtain the prescriber's informed, current, and professional decision regarding whether the prescribed opioid is medically justified, notwithstanding the results of the database search.
 - Section 2. Section **58-37f-701** is amended to read:

58-37f-701. Immunity from liability.

- (1) An individual who has submitted information to or accessed and reviewed the database in accordance with this chapter may not be held civilly liable, including under Title 78B, Chapter 3, Part 4, Utah Health Care Malpractice Act, for such actions, or a lack of action, which are protected and are not subject to civil discovery, as provided in Section 58-37f-302.
- [(2) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any action or lack of action by a prescriber or dispenser to meet the requirements of Section 58-37f-304 may not be used by the division in any action against the prescriber or dispenser.]
- [(3)] (2) Nothing in Section 58-37f-304 establishes a minimum standard of care for prescribers and dispensers.

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